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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/750,918	12/31/2003	John F. Mair	MAIR-101	1895
7590 08/22/2006			EXAMINER	
Thomas W. Cook			SELF, SHELLEY M	
Thomas Cook Intellectual Property Attorneys			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
3030 Bridgeway, Suite 425-430				FAFER NOMBER
P.O. Box 1989			3725	
Sausalito, CA 94965			DATE MAILED: 08/22/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/750,918	MAIR, JOHN F.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Shelley Self	3725			
The M Period for Reply	AILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
WHICHEVEF - Extensions of tir after SIX (6) MC - If NO period for - Failure to reply Any reply receiv earned patent to	ED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE of the may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, red by the Office later than three months after the mailing erm adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION BEGON, In no event, however, may a reply be strill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDON	ON. timely filed m the mailing date of this communication. IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
, _ .	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>12 June 2006</u> .					
• —	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
ciosea	in accordance with the practice under £	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	153 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of C	laims					
4)⊠ Claim(s	s) <u>11-20</u> is/are pending in the application	1.				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
· <u> </u>	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
	Claim(s) 11-20 is/are rejected.					
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
		election requirement.				
Application Pap	ers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
· ·	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>31 December 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
•	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
•						
Priority under 3	-					
a)	viedgment is made of a claim for foreign b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents Certified copies of the priority documents Copies of the certified copies of the priority Application from the International Bureau attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applica ity documents have been recei ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No ved in this National Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of Refe	rences Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview Summa	ry (PTO-413)			
2) D Notice of Draft	sperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail	Date			
	sclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) lail Date	6) Other:	Patent Application (PTO-152)			

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

The amendment filed June 12, 2006 is objected to under 35 U.S.C. 132(a) because it introduces new matter into the disclosure. 35 U.S.C. 132(a) states that no amendment shall introduce new matter into the disclosure of the invention. The added material which is not supported by the original disclosure is as follows: in which the channel is deep enough and wide enough to allow the end of a dowel projecting from a workpiece to move through the channel without restricting movement of the pad after the top of the dowel is cut by the router (clm. 14).

Applicant is required to cancel the new matter in the reply to this Office Action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter, which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Neither the originally filed written disclosure nor the drawings provide support for dowel being cut as recited within the claim 14. Additionally, regarding claim 14, "the bit" has not been

positively recited, i.e., there is no antecedent basis for the recitation, "the bit". As noted above claim 14 appears to contain new matter

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter, which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 11-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. With regard to claim 11, the terms, "to which the pad may be attached" are vague and indefinite, i.e., is the pad attached to a router base or not. Further regarding claim 11, the router base has not been positively recited, it is unclear if the combination of the router and offset sub-base is being claimed or if it is just the router sub-base that is being claimed. Clarification is required.

Additionally regarding claim 11, the recitation, "except the area of the lower surface of the router base forward of the vertical front edge when the pad is so attached" renders the claim indefinite. Because the router base has not been positively defined and/or recited, it is not clear what is meant by except the area of the lower surface of the router base forward of the vertical front edge.

Regarding claim 16, there is no antecedent basis for "the router collet" as such has not been positively recited. Additionally claim 16 appears to be more of a method claim and does not further limit a parent claim

Claims 18-20 are improper dependent claims drawn to a method of cutting a plug having specific process steps. The claims do not further limit a parent claim and in fact change/alter the

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scope of the parent claim(s). For example the parent claims 11-17 are drawn to an apparatus having specifics of structure and elements related to the apparatus, thus the parent claims have a scope encompassing an apparatus and not that of method and apparatus as set forth in dependent claims 18-20. Examiner suggests re-writing claims 18-20 as independent claims including all of the structural limitations of the apparatus claim(s).

All of the claims should be reviewed for clarity, definiteness and antecedent basis concerns.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 11, 12, 15 and 18-20 as best as can be understood are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Phillips et al. (6,846,138). Phillips discloses a router subbase comprising a pad (108) of material having an upper face and a lower face, and substantially vertical front edges, including a substantially vertical front edge and a substantially vertical back edge, the pad upper and lower faces are substantially flat and smooth, the pad upper face is substantially parallel to the pad lower face, the vertical edges are substantially perpendicular to the pad upper and lower faces, the pad is narrower at the front edge than at the back edge, the pad is substantially uniform thickness (fig. 1A), and large enough to cover substantially the

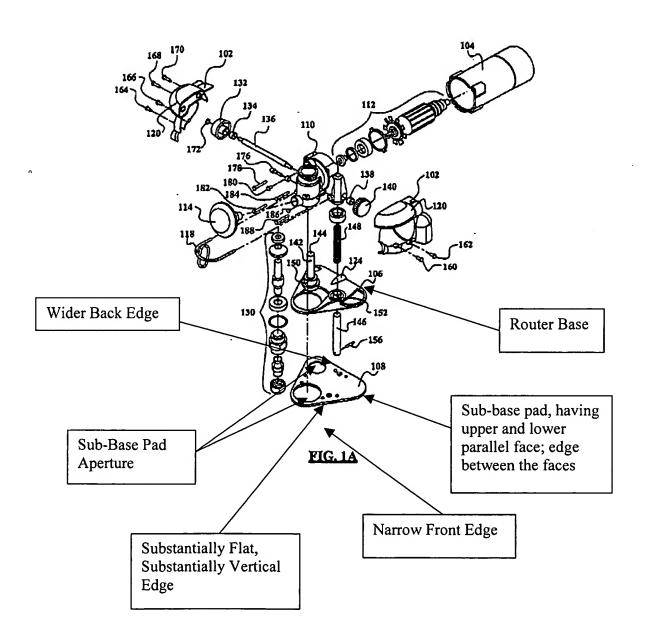
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entire lower surface of a router base to which the pad is attached and means for attaching the pad to the router base (col. 6, lines 36-38) whereby the pad will cover substantially the entire lower surface of a router base.

With regard to claim 12, as best as can be understood, Phillips discloses the front edge of the pad presents a substantially flat, substantially vertical surface toward a router collet.

With regard to claim 15, Phillips discloses the sub-base shaped to extend over substantially the entire lower surface of the base (106).



As to claims 18-20, Phillips discloses an offset router base attached to a router, a router bit, setting the router on a substantially flat workpiece, powering/turning on the router moving the router across the flat workpiece.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 16 and 17 as best as can be understood are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Phillips (6,846,138). With regard to claim 16, Phillips does not disclose the router collet to reside approximately ten one-thousandths of an inch from a flat surface. The specific selection of the distance of the collet/bit from a flat surface requires only routine skill in the art would result from routine engineering practices. Further Examiner notes neither the specification nor the drawings positively recite any criticality to the router collet residing approximately ten one-thousandths of an inch from a flat surface.

With regard to claim 17, Phillips does not disclose the pad is approximately eight tenths of one inch thick. It would have been obvious at the time of the invention to one having ordinary skill in the art to construct Phillips having a pad of eight-tenths thickness because discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art and in the absence of any positively recited critically does not in itself warrant patentability examiner notes

the written disclosure is silent to any criticality for the pad having a thickness of eight-tenths inch.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 13 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims and if any 35 U.S.C. 112 rejections were overcome.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

The prior art of record does not disclose or fairly suggest a channel extending across the lower surface of the sub-base from the vertical front edge to the vertical back edge in combination with the rest of the claimed limitations as set forth in claim 13.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed June 12, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that the prior art of record, Phillips does not disclose, "the pad is of substantially uniform thickness, and large enough to cover substantially the entire lower surface of a router base to which the pad may be attached, except the area of the lower surface of the router base forward of the vertical front edge when the pad is so attached". This however is not found persuasive, because the claim as written does not positively recite a router or router base. No structure as it relates to the router or router base has been positively recited within the claims.

Applicant argues that the newly added limitation (underlined portions) corresponds to the area of a router forward of the vertical front edge 18 of Applicant's sub-base and is not found in

Phillips et al. and Phillips et al., in fact shows a nose extending from the sub-base...the construction of the sub-base in Phillips would not allow a user to move Phillips router and subbase evenly across the surface of a workpiece in the same way a user may with Applicant's invention." This too is not persuasive. First, Applicant is arguing criticality of structure or structural differences that are not positively recited in the claims. As noted above, no structure of the router has been positively recited within the claims, as such the argument that this corresponds to a router forward of the vertical front edge 18... is not deemed persuasive. Second, claims 11-17 are apparatus claims, and have the ability to so perform or are capable of moving across the surface of a workpiece, as to the argument, "...in the same way a user may with Applicant's invention", no process steps are recited within the apparatus claims 11-17 and thus Applicant's argument is deemed non-persuasive. Accordingly a rejection as best as can be understood is made in view of Phillips et al.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

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CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Shelley Self whose telephone number is (571) 272-4524. The examiner can normally be reached Mon-Fri from 8:30am to 5:00pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's Supervisor, Derris Banks can be reached at (571) 272-4419. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (571) 273-8300 for regular and After Final communications.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on accessing the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

SSelf

August 16, 2006

Lowell A. Larson Primary Examiner